

OFFICIAL GAZETTE



GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

Home Department 'A'

Notification

HD.EMR.SWB-III/71-A

Below notification No. F.1/3/71-Poll.(spl) dated 23-12-71 from the Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi is hereby republished for general information.

M. K. Bhandari, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 17th January, 1972.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

Notification

New Delhi, the 23rd December 1971

G.S.R. 1958. — In exercise of the powers conferred by the section 3 of the Defence of India Act, 1971 (42 of 1971), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules to amend the Defence of India Rules, 1971, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, No. G.S.R. 1842, dated the 5th December, 1971, namely: —

1. **Short title and commencement.** — (1) These rules may be called the Defence of India (Amendment) Rules, 1971.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. **Amendment of rule 115 of the Defence of India Rules, 1971.** — In rule 115 of the Defence of India Rules, 1971, to sub-rule (2), the following proviso shall be added, namely: —

“Provided that no order in respect of the undertaking owned by a company within the meaning of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) shall be made by the State Government under, this sub-rule except with the previous approval of the Central Government”.

[No. F.1/3/71-Poll. (Spl.).]

T. C. A. SRINIVASAVARADAN, Jt. Secy.

Notification

HD.EMR.SWB-VIII/71-A

Below Notification F. No. Av. 11015/4/71-A dated 22nd December, 1971 is hereby republished for general information.

M. K. Bhandari, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 17th January, 1972.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION

New Delhi-1; the 22nd December, 1971

Notification

S. O. — In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the Aircraft Act, 1934, the Central Government hereby orders that the Schedule annexed to the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation No. S. O. 5363 dated 4th December, 1971, be substituted by the following schedule, namely: —

THE SCHEDULE

Areas (1)	Extent of Prohibition (2)
Indian airspace	All aircraft entering India from any direction and all aircraft operating within the Indian airspace must comply with instructions regarding the route to be flown, entry point, point of landing in India and position reporting as notified from time to time by the Director-General of Civil Aviation in Class I Notams.

[F. No. Av. 11015/4/71-A]

Sd/-

N. KHOSLA

Joint Secretary to the Government of India

Home Department 'C'

Notification

HD-5-235/72-C

Below Order No. 12011/48/71 F.III dated 14-12-1971 issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs,

Government of India, New Delhi is hereby published for the information of the public.

M. K. Bhandari, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 20th January, 1972.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

(Grih Mantralaya)

New Delhi, the 14th December, 1971
23 Agra-hayana 1893

Order

12011/48/71-FIII

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Foreigners Act 1946 (31 of 1946) the Central Government hereby makes the following Order namely.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Foreigners (Report to Police) Order 1971.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. Every householder or other person shall report to the officer in charge of the nearest police station about the arrival or presence in his household or in any premises occupied by him or under his control of any foreigner, if he knows or has reason to believe that he is a foreigner.

Sd/-

B. R. PATEL

Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Law and Judicial Department

Notification

LD/35/72

The following rules framed by the Central Government under section 32 of the Defence of India Act, 1971 (42 of 1971) are hereby published for general information.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary.

Panaji, 5th January, 1972.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

Notification

New Delhi, the 16th December, 1971

THE DEFENCE OF INDIA (REQUISITIONING AND ACQUISITION OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) RULES, 1971

G. S. R. 1888. — In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 of the Defence of India Act,

1971 (42 of 1971), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely: —

1. **Short title and commencement.** — (1) These rules may be called the Defence of India (Requisitioning and Acquisition of Immovable Property) Rules, 1971.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. **Definitions.** — In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, —

(a) "Act" means the Defence of India Act, 1971 (42 of 1971);

(b) "competent authority" means —

(i) the Central Government or State Government, as the case may be,

(ii) any officer or authority subordinate to the Central Government or a State Government to whom the powers conferred or duties imposed on the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be, under the relevant provisions of Chapter V of the Act have been delegated under section 34; or

(iii) any officer or authority directed by the Central Government or a State Government by notification in the Official Gazette to exercise or perform, in such circumstances and under such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the notification, the powers or duties of the competent authority under any provision of these rules;

(c) "Court" means the principal civil court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property is situated;

(d) "person interested" shall have the same meaning as in the Explanation to section 24;

(e) "section" means a section of the Act.

3. **Power to require delivery of possession of immovable property.** — Whenever any immovable property is requisitioned, the competent authority may, by order, require the owner or person in possession of such property to deliver possession thereof after removing therefrom any furniture or other articles, to such person and within such time as may be specified in the order.

4. **Procedure for taking possession.** — Where any person either remains in possession of any requisitioned immovable property or fails to remove therefrom any furniture or other articles belonging to him in contravention of any order of requisition, the competent authority may, subject to the provisions of rule 18, enter into or take possession of the immovable property and while taking possession of the property the competent authority shall make, in the presence of two witnesses, an inventory of the furniture and other articles found therein and after giving not less than three days' notice for removing such furniture or other articles and after proclamation in such manner as that authority considers sufficient, may dispose of such furniture and other articles by public auction and proceeds of such sale, if any, shall, after deducting the expenses of the

sale, be deposited in the Court for payment to such person or persons as are entitled to receive the same.

5. Use of requisitioned immovable property.—An immovable property requisitioned for any of the purposes specified in sub-section (1) of section 23 may be used for one or more of the purposes specified in that sub-section.

6. Repairs to requisitioned immovable property.—

(1) The competent authority may, by order in writing, require any person interested to execute such repairs to the immovable property (being repairs which are necessary and are usually made by owners of immovable properties in the locality in which the requisitioned property is situated) and within such time as may be specified in the order, and if the person interested fails to execute any repairs in pursuance of such order, the competent authority may cause the repairs specified in the order to be executed and the expenses of such repairs shall be deducted from the compensation payable to the person interested, but the amount to be deducted shall in no case exceed the amount of compensation payable for a month as determined in accordance with clause (i) of section 24.

(2) If the competent authority does not consider it to be in the public interest, to allow entry into the property by the person interested or his agents or workmen for carrying out the requisite repairs, such repairs may be carried out by the competent authority and the expenses thereof shall be deducted, in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (1), from the amount of compensation payable in respect of the property.

7. Release from requisition.—(1) Where any person to whom the possession of any immovable property to be released from requisition, is to be given, fails to accept delivery of the property, or cannot be found and has no legal agent or other person empowered to accept delivery on his behalf, the competent authority shall cause a notice declaring that the property is released from requisition, to be served by registered post, at the last known address of such person and a copy of such notice shall be fixed on some conspicuous part of the immovable property and the purport of the notice shall also be proclaimed by beat of drum or otherwise as the competent authority may consider sufficient.

(2) On and from the date of service, and proclamation, of the notice in the manner referred to in sub-rule (1), the immovable property shall cease to be subject to requisition and shall be deemed to have been delivered to the person entitled to the possession thereof and the Central Government shall not be liable for any compensation or other claim in respect of the property for any period after the said date.

(3) Where any requisitioned immovable property or any material part thereof is wholly destroyed or rendered substantially and permanently unfit for the purpose for which it was requisitioned by reason of fire, earthquake, tempest, flood or violence of any army or of a mob or other irresistible force, the property or any such part thereof, shall, at the option of the competent authority, be deemed to have been released from requisition and the Central Government shall not be liable to restore the immovable prop-

erty to the same condition as it was at the time of the requisition.

8. Compensation.—The competent authority shall, as soon as may be after the immovable property has been requisitioned, released from requisition or acquired, determine the compensation payable under section 24 or section 31, as the case may be, and shall also apportion it where necessary, among the persons known or believed to be interested in the property of whom or of whose claim to compensation he has information, and such determination shall be communicated by the competent authority to the person or persons in whose favour the determination has been made.

9. Application for arbitration.—(1) A person aggrieved by any determination of the amount of compensation by the competent authority shall, within thirty days of the receipt of the communication of such determination, make an application in writing to the competent authority for referring the matter to an arbitrator stating therein the reasons for his being aggrieved.

(2) Where no such application is made within the period of thirty days aforesaid and the amount of compensation as determined by the competent authority has not been accepted by the person or persons in whose favour the determination has been made or where there is dispute as to the title to receive the compensation or as to the apportionment of the amount of compensation, the competent authority may deposit the amount in the Court.

10. Appointment of arbitrator.—(1) On receipt of the application for reference to arbitration or where there is a dispute as to the title to receive the compensation or as to the apportionment of the amount thereof, the competent authority shall appoint as arbitrator a person who is qualified under clause (2) of article 217 of the Constitution to be appointed as a Judge of a High Court.

(2) Any such arbitrator shall complete the arbitration proceedings and give his award within four months:

Provided that the Central Government may, if it thinks fit, enlarge the period for making the award whether before or after the expiry of the time for making the award.

11. Change of arbitrator.—Where before an arbitrator is able to finish his arbitration proceedings and make his award, a new arbitrator is appointed, the new arbitrator may deal with the evidence taken down by his predecessor as if such evidence had been taken down by him and may proceed with the arbitration proceedings from the stage at which his predecessor left it.

12. Arbitrator to have certain powers of civil courts, and the procedure to be followed in arbitration proceedings.—(1) The arbitrator shall have all the powers of a civil court, while trying a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) requiring the discovery and production of any document;

- (c) reception of evidence on affidavits;
- (d) requisitioning any public record from any court or office;
- (e) issuing commissions for examination of witnesses.

(2) Where the reference to the arbitrator is with regard to the amount of compensation to be paid, he shall, after receiving such evidence as to the market price of such property as may be adduced before him and after making such enquiries as he may deem fit, and after giving to the parties to the dispute a reasonable opportunity of being heard determine the price of such property in accordance with section 24 or sub-section (1) of section 31, as the case may be, and make an award as to the amount of compensation payable for the requisitioning or acquisition of such property.

(3) Where the reference to the arbitrator is with regard to the title of any person to receive compensation, he shall, after receiving such evidence as to the title of such person to receive such compensation as may be adduced before him and after making such enquiries as he may deem fit and after giving to the parties to the dispute a reasonable opportunity of being heard, determine and make an award as to the title of such person to receive the compensation.

(4) Where the reference to the arbitrator is with regard to the apportionment of the amount of compensation, he shall, after receiving such evidence as to the rights and interests of the claimants with regard to such amount and after making such enquiries that he may deem fit and after giving to the parties to the dispute a reasonable opportunity of being heard, determine the rights or interests of the claimants with regard to such amount and after such determination, apportion the amount of compensation between the claimants entitled thereto in accordance with their rights and interests as so determined.

13. The award.—(1) The arbitrator shall, in relation to a matter referred to him for arbitration, make his award in writing and sign it, setting forth therein the grounds for his decision.

(2) The arbitrator shall at the same time deliver or send by registered post to all the parties to the reference and to the competent authority a copy of the award together with the grounds on which the award is based.

14. Costs.—(1) The award shall also state the amount of costs incurred by each party in the proceedings.

(2) Where the compensation determined by the arbitrator does not exceed the sum offered by the competent authority, the person interested shall be directed to bear his own costs and to pay as well the costs of the competent authority.

(3) Where the compensation determined by the arbitrator is not less than the amount claimed by the person interested and it is proved that the person interested made a similar claim in the inquiry preceding the competent authority's determination, the competent authority shall be directed to bear his own costs as well as those of the person interested.

(4) Subject as aforesaid, the apportionment of costs shall be in discretion of the arbitrator.

(5) Where the costs of the competent authority have been ordered to be paid by the person interested, the competent authority may deduct the amount of such costs from the compensation amount payable to such person.

15. Payment.—(1) The compensation determined in accordance with clause (i) of section 24 of the Act shall be payable on the expiry of every three months in respect of a building or an urban land and on the expiry of every six months in respect of rural land.

(2) Where in the opinion of the competent authority there is likely to be delay in determination of the compensation or where the person interested is aggrieved by the amount of compensation determined by the competent authority, the competent authority may, at his discretion, make "on account" payment, after taking such security as that authority thinks fit, up to eighty per cent of the amount which in his opinion is likely to be determined as compensation and such "on account" payment as relates to compensation referred to in sub-rule (1), shall, as far as may be, be made in accordance with the provisions of that sub-rule.

16. Service of notices and orders.—(1) Save as otherwise provided in Chapter V of the Act or in these rules, every notice or order issued or made under that Chapter or these rules shall,—

- (a) in the case of any notice or order of a general nature or affecting a class of persons, be published in the Official Gazette.
- (b) in the case of any notice or order affecting an individual corporation or firm, be served in the manner provided for the service of summons in rule 2 of Order XXIX or rule 3 of Order XXX, as the case may be, in the First Schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908); and
- (c) in the case of any notice or order affecting a person (not being a corporation or a firm), be served on such person—
 - (i) by delivering or tendering it to that person, or
 - (ii) if it cannot be so delivered or tendered, by delivering or tendering it to any officer of such person or any adult male member of the family of such person, or by affixing a copy thereof on the outer door or on some conspicuous part of the premises in which that person is known to have last resided or carried on business or personally worked for gain, or failing service by these means,
 - (iii) by registered post.

(2) Where the ownership of the immovable property is in the dispute or where the persons interested in the property are not readily traceable and the notice or order cannot be served without undue delay, the notice or order may be served by publishing it in the Official Gazette, and where possible, by affixing a copy thereof on any conspicuous part of the property to which it relates.

17. Court deposits.—If any money is deposited in Court under these rules, the Court shall deal with it in the manner laid down in sections 32 and 33 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 of 1894).

18. **Inspection of immovable property.** — The competent authority shall not, as far as possible, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 26 and 27, enter upon any immovable property after sunset and before sunrise.

[No. F. 45/16/71-Poll.-I(B).]

T. C. A. SRINIVASAVARADAN, Jt. Secy.

Notification

LD/26/72

The following notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs is hereby published for general information.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary.

Panaji, 6th January, 1972.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 27th December, 1971

Notification

G.S.R. — In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Union Territories Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 1971 (73 of 1971) the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st day of January, 1972 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

(No. F.12/3/71-UTL)

Sd/-

K. R. PRABHU

Joint Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Notification

LD/3/72

The following notification received from the Government of India, Ministry of Law and Justice is hereby published for general information of the public.

M. S. Borkar, Under Secretary.

Panaji, 7th January, 1972.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Department of Legal Affairs)

Notification

New Delhi, the 25th September, 1971

S. O. 3598: — In exercise of the powers conferred by section 49A of the Advocates Act, 1961 (25 of

1961), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Admission as Advocates (Training and Examination) Rules, 1968, namely: —

1. (1) These rules may be called the Admission as Advocate (Training and Examination) (Amendment) Rules, 1971.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In rule 3 of the Admission as Advocates (Training and Examination) Rules, 1968, in clause (d), for the figures, letters and words "31st day of December, 1970", the figures, letters and words "31st of December, 1973" shall be substituted.

[No. F. 41(14)/71 J.]

S. S. SHETTY, Jt. Secy. and Legal Adviser.

Notification

LD/4/72-A

The Stamp and Excise Duties (Amendment) Act, 1971 (44 of 1971) which was recently passed by the Parliament and assented to by the President of India is hereby published for general information of the public.

V. L. Dandwate, Under Secretary.

Panaji, 13th January, 1972.

The Stamp and Excise Duties (Amendment) Act, 1971

AN

ACT

further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 and the Union Duties of Excise (Distribution) Act, 1962.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows: —

1. **Short title and commencement.** — (1) This Act may be called the Stamp and Excise Duties (Amendment) Act, 1971.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 15th day of November, 1971.

2. **Amendment of Act 2 of 1899.** — In the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, after section 3, the following section shall be inserted, namely: —

'3A. **Instruments chargeable with additional duty.** — (1) Every instrument chargeable with duty under section 3 read with Article No. 13, 14, 27, 37, 47, 49, 52, 53 or 62(a) of Schedule I shall, in addition to such duty, be chargeable with a duty of ten paise.

(2) The additional duty with which any instrument is chargeable under sub-section (1)

shall be paid and such payment shall be indicated on such instrument by means of adhesive stamps bearing the inscription "refugee relief" whether with or without any other design, picture or inscription.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in sub-section (2), the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply in relation to the additional duties chargeable under sub-section (1) in respect of the instruments referred to therein as they apply in relation to the duties chargeable under section 3 in respect of those instruments.'

3. Amendment of Act 1 of 1944.—In the First Schedule to the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, after Item No. 60, the following Item shall be inserted, namely:—

'61 NEWSPAPERS AND ALL OTHER PRINTED PERIODICALS 2 paise per copy.'

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Item, "newspaper" means any printed periodical work containing news or comments on news.

4. Amendment of Act 3 of 1962.—In the Union Duties of Excise (Distribution) Act, 1962, in section 2, after the words and figures "duties of excise levied and collected under the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944", the brackets, words and figures "(other than duties of excise levied and collected under that Act on newspapers and all other printed periodicals falling under Item No. 61 of the First Schedule to that Act)" shall be inserted.

5. Repeal and saving.—(1) The Stamp and Excise Duties (Amendment) Ordinance, 1971, is hereby repealed. 16 of 1971.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, or the Union Duties of Excise (Distribution) Act, 1962, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944, or, as the case may be, the Union Duties of Excise (Distribution) Act, 1962, as amended by this Act. 2 of 1899.
1 of 1944.
3 of 1962.

Notification

LD/4/72-B

The Air Corporations (Amendment) Act, 1971 (49 of 1971) which was recently passed by the Parliament and assented to by the President of India is hereby published for the general information of the public.

V. L. Dandwate, Under Secretary.

Panaji, 13th January, 1972.

The Air Corporations (Amendment) Act, 1971

AN
ACT

further to amend the Air Corporations Act, 1953

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Air Corporations (Amendment) Act, 1971.

(2) The provisions of this Act, except clause (iii) of section 4 which shall be deemed to have come into force on the 19th day of May, 1971, shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Amendment of section 4.—In the Air Corporations Act, 1953 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in section 4, — 27 of 1953

(i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) The general superintendence, direction and management of the affairs and business of each of the Corporations shall vest in a Board of directors which may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Corporation under this Act.

(1A) The Board of directors shall consist of a Chairman to be appointed by the Central Government, and not less than eight and not more than fourteen other directors to be appointed by the Central Government and the Chairman or any other director may be required to render whole-time or part-time service as the Central Government may direct:

Provided that—

(a) the same person may be appointed to be the Chairman of both the Corporations or Chairman of one and director of the other;

(b) the same persons may be appointed to be directors of both the Corporations."

(ii) in sub-sections (2), (3) and (4), for the word "member" wherever it occurs, the word "director" shall be substituted;

(iii) in sub-section (5), for the words "General Manager", the words "managing director" and for the word "member", the word "director" shall be substituted.

3. Amendment of section 5.—In section 5 of the principal Act, —

(i) in sub-section (1), for the word "members", the word "directors" and in the proviso thereto, for the word "member", the word "director" shall be substituted;

(ii) in sub-section (2), —

(a) for the word "member", in both the places where it occurs, the word "director" shall be substituted;

(b) for the words "such remuneration by way of allowances", the words "such remuneration

by way of salary, allowances" shall be substituted.

4. Amendment of section 7.—In section 7 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—

(i) after clause (i), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(ii) to make such grants as it thinks fit as contribution or donation, in furtherance of the interests of the Corporation, to any fund established for a benevolent or charitable purpose:

Provided that nothing in this clause shall be construed as empowering the Corporation to make any such grant to any political party or for any political purpose to any individual or body;"

(ii) in clause (k), for the words "including provision of catering, rest-rooms", the words "including provision of catering, hotels, restaurants, rest-rooms" shall be substituted;

(iii) before clause (l), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(kk) to form one or more companies under the Companies Act, 1956 to further the efficient performance of its duties and the exercise of its powers under this Act: 1 of 1956

Provided that the paid up share capital of every company so formed shall be held exclusively by the Corporation;"

5. Amendment of section 8.—In section 8 of the principal Act, for the words "General Manager", wherever they occur, the words "managing director" shall be substituted.

6. Amendment of section 12.—In section 12 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), for the words "current account", the word "account" shall be substituted.

7. Insertion of new section 15A.—After section 15 of the principal Act and before Chapter IV, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"15A. Audit of accounts of companies formed by Corporations.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act, 1956, the auditor of any company formed by either of the Corporations under clause (kk) of sub-section (2) of section 7 shall be appointed or re-appointed by the Corporation concerned on the advice of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India. 1 of 1956

(2) Save as otherwise provided in sub-section (1), in addition to the provisions contained in the Companies Act, 1956, relating to the audit of the accounts of any company, the following provisions shall apply to the audit of the accounts of any company referred to in sub-section (1), namely:— 1 of 1956

(i) the Comptroller and Auditor General of India shall have power to conduct a supplementary or test audit of the company's accounts

by such person or persons as he may authorise in this behalf; and for the purposes of such audit to require information to be furnished to any person or persons so authorised, on such matters, by such person or persons and in such form as the Comptroller and Auditor General may, by general or special order, direct;

(ii) the auditor appointed or re-appointed under sub-section (1) shall submit a copy of his audit report to the Comptroller and Auditor General of India who shall have the right to comment upon, or supplement, the audit report in such manner as he may think fit;

(iii) any such comments upon, or supplement to, the audit report shall be placed before the annual general meeting of the company at the same time and in the same manner as the audit report."

8. Amendment of section 35.—In section 35 of the principal Act,—

(i) in clause (a), for the words "fifteen lakhs", the words "forty lakhs" shall be substituted.

(ii) in clause (b), for the words "five years", the words "ten years" shall be substituted.

9. Amendment of section 40.—In section 40 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the word "members", the word "directors" shall be substituted.

10. Amendment of section 41.—In section 41 of the principal Act,—

(a) sub-section (1) shall be omitted; and

(b) the brackets and figure "(2)" shall be omitted.

11. Amendment of section 42.—In section 42 of the principal Act,—

(i) in sub-section (2), for the word "members" the word "directors" shall be substituted;

(ii) in sub-section (3), for the word "members", the word "directors" and for the word "member" the word "director" shall be substituted.

12. Amendment of section 44.—In section 44 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—

(i) in clause (a), for the words "General Managers", the words "managing directors" shall be substituted;

(ii) in clause (f), the word "depreciation" shall be omitted.

13. Amendment of section 45.—In section 45 of the principal Act,—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "Each of the Corporations may, with the previous approval of the Central Government", the words, brackets and figure "Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3), each of the Corporations may" shall be substituted;

(ii) in sub-section (2), in clause (b), for the words "General Manager", the words "managing director" shall be substituted and after that sub-section, as so amended, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(3) No regulation under clause (b) of sub-section (2) shall be made except with the previous approval of the Central Government."

Food and Civil Supplies Department

ORDER

2-10/71/FCS-CS

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act 1955 (10 of 1955) read with the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food) G. S. R. No. 2314 dated 30th July, 1965 and with the prior concurrence of the Central Government, the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following order so as to further amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Controlled Commodities (Regulation of Distribution) Order 1966, hereinafter called the "Principal Order" namely:—

1. **Short Title.** — This order may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Controlled Commodities (Regulation of Distribution) (Third Amendment) Order 1972.

2. It shall come into force immediately.

3. Amendment of the Schedule —

The following Sr. No. and entry shall be deleted from the schedule attached to the principal order: —

"(8) Kerosene".

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Planning).

Panaji, 14th January, 1972.

ORDER

5-1/70-71/FCS-CS

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act 1955 (10 of 1955) read with the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food & Agriculture, Community Development and Co-operation (Department of Food) No. G. S. R. No. IIII dated 24th July, 1967 and with the concurrence of the Central Government the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following order further to amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Sugar Dealers' Licensing Order 1963, hereinafter referred to as 'the Principal Order' namely:—

1. (i) This order shall be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Sugar Dealers' Licensing (Eighth Amendment) Order, 1972.

(ii) It shall come into force at once.

2. In the Principal Order after sub-col. (4) of col. 3, the following Proviso shall be added: —

"Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply to: —

(i) The Food Corporation of India, established under the Food Corporations Act 1964 (37 of 1964) and

(ii) The Army purchasing organisation or other Defence Authorities".

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Planning).

Panaji, 15th January, 1972.